Lesson Plan

Lesson plan: Greeting and gathering information vocabulary

Objective of the lesson: Students demonstrate the ability to understand, select and use appropriate English vocabulary to first greet and then gain information about the customer.

| Component | Purpose | Activity Ideas |
|---|--|--|
| Introduction | Capture interest, establish purpose and preview lesson on greeting & gathering information; encourage critical thinking and uncover previous knowledge of greetings and gathering information. | Complete a short BINGO game to review pre-class online tutorials. (See page 2) The teacher will read the list of words for the game. When someone wins, they must read their words out loud to the class. |
| Body: Explore, Explain & Elaborate | Formally introduce important vocabulary, students use important vocabulary & apply new knowledge to the context of customer service. | Complete short activity to practice the vocabulary. (See page 3) Listen to a short customer service call where the agent greets and collects information. Video on Customer Service Greetings Video on Greetings Students complete the communicative activity to enhance retention, transfer & language production. (See page 4) |
| Conclusion | Summarize and review content learned in class. | Students share their conversations from the activity on page 4 with the class. Review the vocabulary words once more and explain their importance for the entire call, |
| Assessment | Students demonstrate they have achieved the lesson objectives; instructor provides feedback via the online platform after student submits assignment. | Students practice the vocabulary through online assignments. Start next class with a short quiz. See sample assessment Polite Questions & Responses on page 5. |

Activities

BINGO

Directions: Fill in each square with one of the words or phrases below. If your teacher reads one of your words/phrases, mark the box with an X. If you get 3 in a row (horizontally, vertically or diagonally) scream BINGO!

Words/phrases:

-Good morning -Hi

-Good afternoon -How are you doing?
-Good evening -How's it going?

-How do you do? -How have you been?

-How are you? -Hey Good morning -Hello/Hi

-Good afternoon -Fine, thanks and you?

-Good evening -Great, thanks.
-Very well, thank you -Good-bye
-It has been a pleasure -See you later

-Thank you for your time -Bye



Formal and Informal Greetings

| Formal Greetings -Good morning -Good afternoon -Good evening -How do you do? -How are you? | Informal Greetings -Hi -How are you doing? -How's it going? -How have you been? -Hey |
|--|--|
| Formal Responses -Good morning -Good afternoon -Good evening -Very well, thank you | Informal Responses -Hello/Hi -Fine, thanks and you? -Great, thanks. |
| Formal Closings -It has been a pleasure, good-bye -Thank you for your time, good-bye | Informal Closings -See you later -Bye |
| Other vocabulary My name is What is your name? Could you please give me your name? | Pleasure to meet you The pleasure is mine Responses: Fine, well, great, not well |
| Activity 1: Order the words below according formal and #5 the least. | g to their formality. #1 should be the most |
| Hey there Hello F | Hey Hi How's it going? |



Activity 2: Meet and greet

Talk to 4 classmates. Follow the guidelines to fill in their responses below.

| Student 1: What is your name? |
|--|
| How are you today? |
| Student 2: How's it going? |
| How are you today? |
| Student 3: Could you please give me your name? |
| How have you been? |
| Student 4: Good morning How do you do? |
| 110W do you do: |
| Activity 3: Conversations Write a summary of one of your conversations with a classmate. |
| Example: I spoke with Sandra. Sandra is doing well today, but she said she is tired. |
| |

Assessments



<u>Example: Polite Questions & Responses</u> - Write an appropriate & polite question or response in each blank space below. You will not receive credit for impolite responses.

| 1 | Response: My name is Yuko. | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| 2. I am angry! SuperScoot overcharged me! | Response | | | |
| 3 | Response: Yes, it's SU87654. | | | |
| 4 | Response: Yes, I will hold. | | | |
| 5 | Response: Very well, thank you. | | | |
| 6. Please verify your date of birth | Response: | | | |
| Example: Oral exam 1 - Define each vocathe word in an example sentence. | bulary in a complete sentence. Then use | | | |
| the word in an example sentence. | | | | |
| Ex: Describe what a is. | Describe what a <u>complaint</u> is. | | | |
| Answer: "A complaint is an expression of dissatisfaction about a product". Example: "The customer filed a complaint about the defective product". | | | | |
| Ex: Describe what an is | Describe what an <u>app</u> is. | | | |
| Answer: "An application is something downloaded to a mobile device". Example: "SuperScoot's app lets you track your miles each month". | | | | |

Evaluation Rubric

Use of Vocabulary in Oral Exam

| Criteria | Points |
|---|--------|
| Fluency | |
| 5. The speaker speaks confidently and naturally with few hesitations; ideas flow smoothly | |
| 3. The speaker hesitates several times, but seems to know the desired words, even though he/she needs to think about them before speaking | |
| 1. The speaker has many hesitations and can't seem to remember or select words | |
| Pronunciation | |
| 5. Pronunciation is accurate, with correct inflections and nuances | |
| 3. Pronunciation is satisfactory, with some incorrect inflections and some words that are hard to understand | |
| 1. Pronunciation is hard to comprehend | |
| Grammar | |
| 5. The student speaks with very few grammatical errors, similar to a native speaker | |
| 3. The student occasionally uses incorrect verb tenses and agreement & has the ability to self-correct those errors | |
| The student makes frequent incorrect verb tenses and agreement & does not realize the errors | |
| Vocabulary | |
| 5. Vocabulary is easily understood, appropriate and used with its correct meaning | |
| 3. Vocabulary is satisfactory and may delay before choosing the appropriate word. Student makes few mistakes in choosing the correct word | |
| 1. Vocabulary is limited and student often chooses incorrect words | |
| Content | |
| 5. The student knows the meanings of words and can describe them in great detail | |
| 3. The student is aware of the words and attempts to describe them, providing some details | |
| Student appears to have little understanding of the words; use of words makes sentences irrelevant | |
| Total | |
| | |